REMARKS

This response is submitted in response to an Office Action mailed on December 21, 2005.

Claims 1-57 were pending at the time the Office Action was issued. Applicants hereby amend claims 1, 16, 28, and 43. Claims 3, 17, and 20 are canceled. Thus, Claims 1-2, 4-16, 18-19, and 21-57 remain pending.

REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 112

Claims 1, 16, and 28 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112 for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicants regard as their invention. The Office Action notes that the term "test plan listing" is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite.

Applicants hereby amend claims 1, 16, and 28, as well as claim 43, and respectfully submit that the amendments overcome the rejection. Specifically, applicants have replaced the term "test plan listing" with the term "test plan document," for which there is an antecedent within the respective claims. Moreover, Applicants submit that, by way of a non-limiting example, the specification does provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree of definiteness such that one of ordinary skill in the art would be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention, if such an example were to be needed by one of ordinary skill in the art. Thus, applicants respectfully request entry of the amendments and withdrawal of the rejection.

Serial No. 10/611,755

REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 102

Claims 1-57 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as having been anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,701,514 to Haswell et al. (hereinafter "Haswell"). Respectfully, applicants traverse the rejections, and submit that the claims are allowable over the references cited for the reasons explained in detail below.

In the interest of reducing the issues to be considered in this response, the following remarks focus principally on the patentability of independent claims 1, 16, 28, and 43. The patentability of each of the dependent claims is not necessarily separately addressed in detail. However, applicants' decision not to discuss the differences between the cited art and each dependent claim should not be considered as an admission that applicants concur with the conclusions set forth in the Office Action that these dependent claims are not patentable over the disclosure in the cited references. Similarly, applicants' decision not to discuss differences between the prior art and every claim element, or every comment set forth in the Office Action, should not be considered as an admission that applicants concur with the interpretation and assertions presented in the Office Action regarding those claims. Indeed, applicants believe that all of the dependent claims patentably distinguish over the references cited. Moreover, a specific traverse of the rejection of each dependent claim is not required, since dependent claims are patentable for at least the same reasons as the independent claims from which the dependent claims ultimately depend.

Applicants respectfully assert that claims 1, 16, 28, and 43 as amended, are patentable over the reference cited. Haswell fails to teach, let alone suggest, each of the elements recited by claims 1, 16, 28, and 43 as amended.

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In general, applicants submit that claims 1, 16, 28, and 43 as amended are qualitatively distinguishable from the cited reference for at least two reasons. For example, claim 1 as amended is reproduced here:

1. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-implemented</u> method for generating a test plan document for governing adherence with project specifications, the method comprising:

transferring project specifications from a verification matrix database to a test plan database;

storing in a test plan database a plurality of verification activities for monitoring adherence with project specifications;

entering references to the project specifications into the test plan database;

providing access to the test plan database to a plurality of users;

updating the test plan database based on input from the plurality of users; and

generating a test plan <u>document by extracting listing</u> at least one of the verification activities <u>stored</u> from the test plan database <u>and listing the at least one of the verification activities in the test plan document.</u>

By contrast, the cited reference to Haswell describes a database for maintaining a central store of test scripts that can be used to test software:

A system, method, and article of manufacture are provided for affording test maintenance in an automated scripting framework. First, a plurality of scripts are developed. Then, the plurality of scripts are stored in a central database. A user is then allowed to edit a specific test script located on the centrally located database. Finally, the user edits to the specific test script are propagated to each of the plurality of test scripts.

(Haswell; Abstract, Page 1, and Summary of the Invention, Column 3, Lines 15-22; emphasis added). As described by Haswell, test scripts are sets of simulated user input employed to test an application. For example, Haswell describes placing an application being tested "into a specific state using either pre-recorded

keyboard or mouse device actions, or entering input through a *test script*." (Haswell, Column 2, Lines3-5; emphasis added).

Even more specifically, Haswell describes a system for storing, modifying, and applying such software scripts:

The present invention provides data-driven test scripts with an English-based, form-driven user interface. The present invention data architecture divides and stores test script information (steps, actions, application widgets, etc.) into separate, reusable components. The table relationships between these components provide the capability to develop easily maintained, data-driven test scenarios.

(Haswell, Column 7, Lines 46-52; emphasis added).

Again, applicants submit that what is recited by claims 1, 16, 28, and 43 is distinguishable from the cited reference for at least three general reasons, in addition to other specific reasons described below with regard to each of these claims. First, Haswell describes a collection of test scripts from which individual scripts are selected or used as a basis for a revised script. In other words, by analogy, Haswell is like a toolbox from which persons testing software can draw different test scripts to test the software; the test scripts are the tools applied to the software to determine if the software can withstand the actions manifested in the test scripts. By contrast, what is recited in claim 1 is a method for generating a test plan document which is performed, in part, by "generating a test plan document by extracting listing at least one of the verification activities stored from the test plan database and listing the at least one of the verification activities in the test plan document." Thus, claim 1 recites generating a test plan document that describes, overall, one or more verification activities the object of the test plan document must withstand. Thus, while what is claimed refers to the generation of

the test plan, the cited reference describes only a source of testing tools for testing some aspect of a software system.

Second, Haswell describes a deductive process, while what is recited in the claims is an inductive process. As previously recounted, Haswell provides a database of test scripts that a user modifies for a particular purpose; the modified script may then be propagated (*See* Haswell; Abstract, Page 1, and Summary of the Invention, Column 3, Lines 15-22). In other words, Haswell provides a system for providing a set of baseline test scripts that may serve as the basis for other, modified test scripts; from one test script, there may be many test scripts.

By contrast, what is claimed recites an inductive process in which "a plurality of users" have access for "updating the test plan database," and from the test plan database, "a test plan document" is generated. Thus, while Haswell describes a repository of baseline, modifiable scripts that may diverge into a further multitude of scripts, what is recited in the claims describes users accessing a single database to contribute to a single test plan document. Accordingly, the cited reference teaches a divergent process that is qualitatively different from what is recited in the claims.

Third, Haswell not only does not disclose generating a test plan document, but it is not capable of generating a test plan document. As previously described, Haswell describes maintaining a database of test scripts. From such a database, a listing or collection of test scripts can be derived. However, because Haswell does not disclose or contemplate a test plan database, Haswell does not describe a basis from which a test plan document possibly can be generated. With great respect, by analogy, Haswell generating a test plan document from a collection of test scripts simulating user inputs to a program would be like a person generating a

personal tax return from a database recording all the bank checks that person has written. The check database may relate to the same general object – personal finances – but it will not include other types of information, from filing status to dependents to deductions that are needed to generate the tax return document. Accordingly, Haswell fails to teach or suggest a system that could anticipate what is recited in the independent claims.

Beyond the general differences, the cited reference fails to teach each and every element recited by claims 1, 16, 28 and 43 as amended, thus, the cited reference fails to anticipate the claims. First, claim 1 as amended recites, for example, at least five elements that are neither taught, nor even suggested, by the cited reference.

First, claim 1 recites a "computer-implemented method for generating a test plan document." By contrast, the only references to generating a test plan in Haswell are incidental efforts manually created by individuals. The Office Action relies on Column 2, Lines 22-53 for support that Haswell describes this element. However, this passage of Haswell only describes that "software testing is a critical phase in the software development process" that is either performed by manual tested or by automating test processes. There is no mention of the generation of a test plan document. Moreover, the only mention of generating a test plan document applicants found clearly describes a manual process: "System test *team* reviews user requirements and prepares validation or test plan." (Haswell, Column 59, Lines 51-52; emphasis added). Nothing in Haswell describes a computer-implemented method for generating a test plan document as recited by claim 1.

Second, respectfully, while Haswell describes a database of test scripts, the collection of test scripts stored in Haswell's database does not constitute a test *plan* database. As previously described, Haswell describes a database storing testing tools in a database, but does not describe a database that includes a test plan.

Third, claim 1 as amended fails to recite "transferring the project specifications from a verification matrix database to the test plan database." In fact, with all due respect to the Office Action's rejection of claim 3, from which this element of claim 1 as amended is derived, the cited reference makes no mention of a verification matrix database. As a result, with no verification matrix database described or even contemplated by Haswell, there can be no transferring of the project specifications from the verification matrix database to the test plan database as recited by claim 1 as amended.

Fourth, "generating a test plan document by extracting listing at least one of the verification activities stored from the test plan database and listing the at least one of the verification activities in the test plan document" as recited by claim 1 as amended also is neither taught nor suggested by the cited reference." Again, Haswell is not directed to generating a test plan, but instead is directed to maintaining a library of test scripts. Moreover, the scripts stored in the system described by Haswell are not verification activities that may be listed in a test plan document, but are sets of simulated user input for testing software. Thus, for these specific reasons, as well as for the general reasons previously stated, Haswell fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 1.

The cited reference also fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 16 as amended. Applicants submit that claim 16 as amended is patentable over the

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reference cited for all of the reasons previously described. Furthermore, cla	im 16
is not anticipated by the cited reference for at least two additional reasons.	Claim
16 as amended is reproduced here for convenience:	•

16. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-implemented</u> method for generating a test plan document for governing adherence with project specifications, the method comprising:

coupling a verification matrix database to a test plan database; transferring the project specifications from the verification matrix database to the test plan database;

storing in a test plan database a plurality of verification activities for monitoring adherence with project specifications;

entering references to the project specifications into the test plan database;

associating each of the verification activities with at least one of the project specifications;

providing access to the test plan database to a plurality of users; providing a user-selectable attribute assignable to the verification activities;

providing a predetermined range of values for the user-selectable attribute

receiving input from at least one of the plurality of users, the input being associated with at least one of the verification activities;

updating the test plan database based on the input; and generating a test plan document by extracting listing at least one of the verification activities stored from the test plan database and inserting at least one of the verification activities in the test plan document.

First, the cited reference neither teaches nor suggests "coupling a verification matrix database to the test plan database" as recited by claim 16 as amended. With respect for the Office Action's reliance on column 172, lines 65-67, and column 173, lines 1-17, the cited reference fails to describe a verification matrix database. The cited passages describe a process for testing the function of software modules "when assembled into dialogs or batch processes and to verify that the interfaces have been appropriately implemented." The cited passages describe specific considerations observed in the assembly test, such as test

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objectives, and metrics, but there is no mention or implication of a "verification matrix database," or coupling such a verification matrix database to the test plan database. Accordingly, because the cited reference fails to disclose this element, the cited reference fails to anticipate claim 16 as amended.

Second, claim 16 as amended also recites for "a user-selectable attribute assignable to the verification activities," and "providing a predetermined range of values for the user-selectable attribute." This element recited by claim 16 as amended is analogous to what is recited in claim 8, on which the Office Action relies on Column 15, Lines 18-30, and Column 16, Lines 26-35 for support that Haswell discloses this element. However, these passages recite no such limitation. The cited passages mention "criteria" and "relationships" between test scripts that users may revise to suit their own ends. Respectfully, calling a test script of simulated user input a "user-selectable attribute" is a strained reading of that phrase. Moreover, for the sake of discussion, if a test script even could be considered "a user-selectable selectable attribute, nonetheless, there is no mention in the cited passages, or anywhere else in Haswell, of any predetermined range that specifies a predetermined range of such an attribute. Thus, for these specific reasons, as well as for the general reasons previously stated, Haswell fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 16.

The cited reference also fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 28 as amended. Applicants submit that claim 28 as amended is patentable over the reference cited for all of the general reasons previously described. Claim 28 as amended is reproduced here for convenience:

28. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium for generating a test plan document for governing adherence with project specifications, the computer-readable medium comprising:

first computer program code means for providing a test plan database storing a plurality of verification activities for monitoring adherence with project specifications, wherein the first computer program receives the project specifications from a database storing the project specifications;

second computer program code means for entering references to the project specifications into the test plan database;

third computer program code means for providing access to the test plan database to a plurality of users;

fourth computer program code means for updating the test plan database based on input from the plurality of users; and

fifth computer program code means for generating a test plan <u>document</u> listing at least one of the verification activities stored from the test plan database.

Applicants reincorporate the general reasons previously described with regard to the shortcomings of the cited reference in describing what is recited in claim 28 as amended. Moreover, Haswell fails to disclose each and every element of claim 28 as amended for two additional reasons.

First, Haswell fails to recite a program code means that receives project specifications from a database storing the project specifications. Again, the database described by Haswell includes a plurality of test scripts; it discloses neither a test plan database nor a database of project specifications. Moreover, because these databases are not contemplated, there is no possible way for Haswell's system to cause entries from one database to be received by another database through program code means or otherwise.

Second, applicants wish to emphasize that claim 28 as amended recites program code means for generating a test plan document. As previously described, Haswell makes passing reference to humans, or teams of humans, considering or consulting a test plan, but there is no description of program code

means operable to generate a test plan document. Accordingly, for the foregoing general reasons and these specific reasons, Haswell fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 28.

The cited reference also fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 43 as amended. Applicants submit that claim 43 as amended is patentable over the reference cited for all of the general reasons previously described. Claim 43 as amended is reproduced here for convenience:

43. (Currently Amended) A system for generating a test plan document for governing adherence with project specifications, the system comprising:

a test plan database configured to store a plurality of verification activities for monitoring adherence with project specifications;

a specification entry system configured to enter references to the project specifications into the test plan database;

at least one data entry device configured to allow access to the test plan database by a plurality of users; and

a test plan generator <u>coupled</u> with the test plan <u>database</u> configured to generate a test plan <u>document</u> listing at least one of the verification activities stored from the test plan database.

Applicants reincorporate the general reasons previously described with regard to the shortcomings of the cited reference in describing what is recited in claim 43 as amended. Moreover, Haswell fails to disclose each and every element of claim 43 as amended for three additional reasons.

First, the Office Action reincorporates its reasons with regard to the rejection of other claims in rejecting claim 43. However, applicants respectfully note that the other claims do not recite "a specification entry system" as recited by claim 43 as amended. Because this element is nowhere recited in the cited reference, Haswell cannot anticipate this element of claim 43 as amended.

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Second, once more applicants wish to emphasize that Haswell's failure to describe a test plan database as recited in claim 43, as well as in the other independent claims.

Third, Haswell fails to describe a test plan generator. As previously mentioned, the only references by Haswell to a test plan are those alluding to human personnel consulting or considering such a plan. Nowhere does Haswell describe a generator operable to generate a test plan document, let alone one that is coupled with a test plan database as recited in claim 43 as amended. Accordingly, for the foregoing general reasons and these specific reasons, Haswell fails to anticipate what is recited by claim 28.

Claims 2, 4-15, 18-27, 29-42, and 44-57 from and add additional limitations to respective independent claims previously described. Accordingly, these dependent claims are patentable for at least the same reasons as the claims from which each of them depends.

Applicants wish to note that, in addition to these grounds for allowance of the dependent claims, claim 10, 22, 37, and 52 are further allowable because the Office Action failed to distinctly point out a basis for rejecting these claims. In rejecting claim 10, the Office Action states that Haswell discloses that "verification activities are sortable by the user-selectable attribute." However, the Office Action cites no support in the cited reference for such disclosure. Moreover, applicants' review of the cited reference finds no such support for Thus, in addition to the sorting verification activities in such a manner. patentability of these claims based on the patentability of the claims from which they depend, applicants submit that claims 10, 22, 37, and 52 are not anticipated

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by the cited reference, and are further allowable over the cited reference for this reason.

CONCLUSION

Applicants respectfully submit that Claims 1-2, 4-16, 18-19 and 20-57 are in condition for allowance. Applicants respectfully request entry of the amendment, as well as consideration and prompt allowance of the claims. If any issue remains unresolved that would prevent allowance of this case, the Examiner is requested to contact the undersigned attorney to resolve the issue.

Respectfully Submitted,

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